Ass'stant Secretary of State Loomis Accuses Bowen of Instigating the Attacks on Him-If Found Guilty Bowen Will Be Dropped From the Diplomatic Service.

WASHINGTON, April 29.-Francis B. Loomis, the Assistant Secretary of State, has filed a counter charge against Herbert W. Bowen, United States Minister to Venezula, who had accused Mr. Loomis of improper conduct during his incumbency of the Venezuelan mission, in which he was succeeded by Mr. Bowen, one specification being that Mr. Loomis had accepted a check for \$10,000 from the New York and Bermudez company.

Mr. Loomis charges Mr. Bowen with being the instigator of the newspaper attacks upon him and with having furnished to the press an account of the allegations. It was at the request of Mr. Loomis that Secretary Taft asked President Roosevelt to authorize the recall of Mr. Bowen from Caracas to Washington to appear at the investigation which the President decided to make.

Announcement was made to-day that the President had telegraphed instructions from Colorado for the recall of Mr. Bowen to Washington, and that Bowen would not return to Venezuela, but would be succeeded as Minister to that country by William W Russell of Maryland, now Minister to Colombia, who served as Secretary of Legation at Caracas under both Mr. Loomis and Mr. Bowen, and is said to be the the most popular American official ever stationed at the Venezuelan capital. Unofficial announcement was made also that it was the President's intention to retain Mr. Bowen in the diplomatic service if he came out of the investigation with clean skirts, and that, in this event, he would be appointed Minister to Chile to fill an existing vacancy, and afterward promoted Ambassador to Brazil to succeed David E. Thompson of Nebraska when the latter is sent to Mexico to take the place of Edwin H. Conger of Iowa as Ambassador to that country. Mr. Russell will be succeeded as Minister to Colombia by John Hicks of Wisconsin, a newspaper proprietor, who was supported by Senator Spooner.

The further announcement was made that John Barrett of Oregon, the present Minister to Panama, will succeed Mr. Russell as Minister to Colombia. Mr. Bowen has not been dropped from the diplomatic service. He is still nominally Minister to Venezuela and will continue to draw the salary of the office until the qualification of his successor, Mr. Russell. By that time, it is expected, the investigation into the Bowen-Loomis case will have been completed and the question of whother Mr. Bowen shall be retained will have been decided.

decided.

The position of Mr. Bowen in his trouble with Mr. Loomis is exceedingly peculiar. Even should it be shown that the charges he made against Mr. Loomis were true and preferred in good faith, he would be obliged to clear himself of Mr. Loomis's allegation that he sought newspaper aid for the purpose of attempting to excite prejudice against a superior officer against whom he had filed official charges. It is asserted here that Mr. Loomis has direct and positive evidence that Mr. Bowen furnished the information which was the basis of the newspaper statements detriof the newspaper statements detri-al to Mr. Loomia.

mental to Mr. Loomis.
In his telegram sent to Mr. Bowen to-day
Secretary Taft said that his presence in Washington was required on account of the charges he had made to the State Dethe charges he had made to the State De-partment and published in a newspaper under a Caracas date line, Mr. Loomis's oftegorial denial of the charges, Mr. Loomis's allegation that Mr. Bowen in-

categorial denial of the charges, Mr.
Loomis's alegation that Mr. Bowen instigated the newspaper publication, and Mr. Loomis's request that Mr. Bowen be ordered to Washington to explain.

The Venezuelan agents here are delighted over the recall of Mr. Bowen. Dr. Paul, the special diplomatic envoy of Venezuela, urged President Roosevelt to recall Mr. Bowen, and the Venezuelan Government has broadly hinted that Mr. Bowen was persona non grats.

The decision to appoint Mr. Bowen to the vacant Chilean mission, and subsequently to promote him to the Ambassadorship at Rio Janeiro was reached several months ago. At that time the President offered the Venezuelan mission to Irving B. Dudley of California, Minister to Peru, who was in this country on leave of absence, and Mr. Dudley accepted. The only reason for the postponement of carrying into effect this arrangement was the intimation of President Castro that he would like to have Mr. Bowen recalled. As Castro had virtually forced Mr. Loomis, Mr. Bowen's predecessor, out of Caracas, the President was not willing, by withdrawing Mr. Bowen. predecessor, out of Caracas, the Fresident was not willing, by withdrawing Mr. Bowen. to give Castro the satisfaction for a second time of seeming to dictate to the United States. The new complications growing out of Mr. Bowen's charges against Mr. Loomis made it necessary, however, for the President to take the action announced

to-day.
Secretary Taft to-day sent telegrams to
Mr. Russell at Bogota and Mr. Barrett at
Panama to proceed immediately to Caracas

WHAT SHOULD BE REGULATED. Vice-President Hiland Says Discrimination

and Preference Should Be, and Not Rates. WASHINGTON, April 29 .- In continuing the inquiry into the question of railroad rate regulation, the Senate Committee on Interstate Commerce to-day heard J. H. Hiland, third vice-president of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul road. Mr. Hiland opposed as impracticable the proposition to place the rate making power in the hands of the Interstate Commerce Commission The only plan that could be adopted was based on the mileage principle, as the Commission would be physically incapable at least of continuing the present system. He pointed out some of the disadvantages of the milege plan which he said would work an increased hardship on the development of the country by limiting the markets for products. It would, in his opinion, stem the tide of immigration, stop the investment of capital and the development of agriculture, forestry, mining and other

natural resources. Mr. Hiland insisted that the making of rates should be left entirely in the hands of the men in charge of the traffic of the railroads, who are familiar with the conditions and necessities of the localities served by them, and who are brought in daily contact with the patrons, whose interests are mutual in increasing and developing the volume of traffic on the one hand and the sale of goods and products on the other. Without this daily contact it was not possible to keep in touch with the conditions, which was a necessity in the establishment of a fair, equitable and

just transportation charge.

As to the clamor for rate regulation, Mr.
Hiland said that 99 per cent of the complaints made to traffic officers of the variplants made to train officers of the various railroads were not that rates in themselves were unreasonable or unjust, but that discrimination and preference was shown. "And that," he declared, "was what should be regulated and the law enforced so as to prevent the granting in any form, directly or indirectly, of preferential rates for communities or individuals. If the present law is enforced and the transporta-tion compaties compelled to exact and retain the published tariffs, there would not be any grounds for a reduction in rates or placing the power of making arbitrary rates for transportation companies in a com-mission. Competition under natural laws of trade and commerce and transportation, will regulate and govern as conditions and development require and justify:

CONGRESS OF TRAINED NURSES. All Parts of the United States and Canada

Will Be Represented. WASHINGTON, April 29.-This week will see trained nurses from all over the United States and Canada in session here in several ongresses. The men and women who went to the front as nurses in the Spanish-American War will hold their annual meeting tomorrow and Tuesday. The Society of Superintendents of Training Schools for Nurses will be in convention Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, and the Nationa Alumnæ Societies will meet on Thursday and Friday. Saturday the three organiza-

tions will devote to general sightseeing. The important event of the week will be the unveiling of the monument erected in the National Cemetery at Arlington by the Spanish war nurses to the memory of the army nurses who died in 1898. This monument is of granite, cone shaped, and surmounted by a cross inscribed "U.S. A." A huge tablet in the center is for the names of the dead. The monument guards five graves, those of Mrs. Anna H. Campos, who died in Santiago; Mrs. Isabel R. Bradford, who was a victim of yellow fever in Cuba; Mrs. Ella M. Gillen, who died in this city after the close of the war; Samuel J. Fitzgerald and John H. Greeley, both of whom died of yellow fever while serving in Cuba.

Dr. Anita Newcomb McGee, whose latest

died of yellow fever while serving in Cuba.

Dr. Anita Newcomb McGee, whose latest experience in nursing was with the Japanese Red Cross Society, when she took over a party of nurses to serve for six months, is the president of the War Nurses' Association. She is the only woman member of the United Spanish War Veterans, which is distinctively an organization of men. This distinction was shown her by reason of the fact that she held the rank of First Lieutenant in the Volunteer army of the United States during the war with Spain and was an acting surgeon in command of the corps of army nurses. Dr. McGee is also distinctive as being the only woman who ever held the rank of a commissioned officer in the United States Army. Her only rival on this score was "Molly Pitcher" of Revolutionary War fame, who took her husband's place at his gun, and she was rated as a duty sergeant, a non-commissioned officer.

The president of the Society of Superintendents of Training Schools is Miss Georgia M. Nevin, who for eleven years has been the superintendent of nurses in Garfield Hospital in this city. Miss Nevin is a graduate of Johns Hopkins Hospital in Baltimore.

Miss Riddle, in charge of the nurses in the Newton Hospital. Massachusetts, is

Miss Riddle, in charge of the nurses in the Newton Hospital, Massachusetts, is president of the Alumnæ Association.

DOMINICAN MODUS VIVENDI. Col. Colton Telegraphs the Arrangements

Made to Put It Into Operation. WASHINGTON, April 29 .- Col. R. G. Col ton, receiver of customs of Santo Domingo, has telegraphed Secretary Taft of the arrangements he has made for putting into operation the modus vivendi for the settlement of the financial difficulties of the republic, and now awaits Secretary Taft's approval. This will be given in a few days, after a letter, with full details, which was mailed by Col. Colton on April 23, arrives in Washington.

Col. Colton says that the arrangements he has made are satisfactory to the Dominican Government, and that notices will be placed in all the customs houses and foreign parties interested informed. The collections of customs under the arrangement will date from April 1. Forty-five per cent. of the gross receipts will be turned over to the Dominican Government and the remainder, less the cost of collection, will be deposited in the National City Bank of New York, to await action by the Senate

on the Dominican treaty.

The native customs house officials will not be entirely supplanted. These now in charge will be made deputy collectors under their personal bonds. This is regarded here as a wise move, and one which will tend to eliminate considerable dissatisfaction which would arise in case the present em-ploye s were ousted altogether.

Col. Colton has completed the organization

of his staff. As telegraphed to Secretary Taft.
it is as follows: Col. Colton, controller
and general receiver; J. H. Edwards, Jr.,
ceputy controller, to be assigned as traveling inspector and audit or; H. Warren Smith, cashier, auditor and disbursing officer;

ing inspector and audit or; H. Warren Smith, cashier, auditor and disbursing officer; H. F. Worley, auditor and deputy controller in charge of Haytian frontier; M. Drew Carrel, atatistician, and Joseph Schwartz, special agent. Col. Colton says that this list completes the personnel of his staff.

President Morales thoroughly approves of the pian, and upon Secretary Taft's telegram of approval the modus vivendi will go into effect at once. Minister Dawson and Prof. Jacob H. Hollander, who is there investigating the various claims against Santo Domingo for Presid nt Roosevelt, have reviewed the plans and sanctioned them.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

WASHINGTON, April 29 .- The cruisers Topeka and Tacoma have arrived at Monte Cristi, the battleship Ohio at Guam, the cruiser Brooklyn at Puerto Plata and the lestroyer Stewart at Key West.

The battleship Pennsylvania has sailed from League Island for Newport News, the gunboat Bennington from Santa Barthe gunboat Bennington from Santa Bar-bara for Mare Island, the collier Cæsar from Sanchez for Hampton Roads, the cruiser Chicago from Santa Barbara for Monterey, the supply ship Culgoa from Monte Cristi for Tortugas and the collier Saturn from Santa Barbara for Monterey.

Torpedo Craft to Change Color.

WASHINGTON, April 29.-The Secretary of the Navy has ordered that the torpedo boats and destroyers of the navy be changed in color from a shade of green, as at pres-ent, to a slate color. It has been ascer-tained that the slate color adds to the difficulty of discovery of the torpedo craft.

The change will be made at once and the new colored vessels will be used in the joint neuvers in June.

Army and Navy Orders. WASHINGTON, April 29.-The following army Major Walter L. Fisk, Corps of Engineers, to the

apt. David M. King, from Benicia Arsenal to Marile.

Capi. Kenneth Morton, upon his arrival at San Francisco, to Benicia Arsenal.

Second Lieutenaut Charles A. Clark, from the 12cth Company, Coast Artillery, to the Artillery. District of Puget Sound.

Second Lieutenant Lee Hagood, from the unassigned list to the 12cth Company Coast Artillery.

Second Lieutenant Fielding L. Poindexter, from unassigned list to the Ninety-fifth Company, Coast Artillery. Capt. Fred H. Gallup, Ordnance Department, tired from duty at the United States Military cademy.

Lieut.-Col. Frank W. Hess, U. S. A., retired, rom duly at the Southern Normal University. rom duty at the Southern Normal University, luntingdon, Tean, First Lieutenant Edward N. Macon, Artillery Corps,

matter, so that the men will have constant drill in the correct use of the English language and in the development of their power to express ideas.

The general theory of the system is that college work ought to be radically different in method from school work; that the men ought not to be allowed to get the impression that they are merely getting up tasks, learning the lectures and ideas of particular instructors, or mastering text books, but should feel that they are reading up great subjects for their own sake. In order to enable them to do this reading intelligently they will be directed by their preceptors to the books which will best acquaint them with the chief matters involved in their several studies. The lectures will not be so much the subject matter of their study as incidental aids to the studying they are doing. The object of the lecturer will naturally be to give the greatest possible amount of atfinulation and to expound the more difficult and the more interesting portion of the subject in hand.

"Such a system," save President Wilson. Washington General Hospital for treatment, second Lieutenant Orson L. Early, Eighth Cavalry, om Fort Biley, to the Philippines. These navy orders were issued. These havy orders were amused.

Commander H. Winslow, from Eleventh Lightnouse District, Detroit, to Naval War College,
varragansett Bay, R. 1.

Assistant Surgeon H. A. Dunn, to the Terror.

TO SUB-LEASE. Suite of Rooms

at Hotel Majestic.

Three rooms and bath, two of which face Central Park; all furnished the suite from June 1 to Sept. 15 at ONE-HALF the regular rental.
Address CHAS. H. BAYER, Saks
& Co., Broadway, 33d to 34th st.

"Such a system," says President Wilson, "ought certainly to give the student a greater feeling of independence and the distinct impression that he is handling himself not as a pupil merely, but of his own initiative, though under competent guides and in intimate association with scholarly teachers, who serve him not only for suidance, but for stimulation of the best kind." and in good taste. The lessee offers

SOCIETY WOMEN DREAD OATARRH.



Pretty New York Girl Finds Pe-ru-na Invaluable.

Miss Marjorie Hampton, 2016 Third Ave., New York City, writes: "Peruna is a fine medicine to take any season of the year. "Taken in the Spring, it tones up the system and acts as a tonic, strength-ening me more than a vacation. "In the Fall and Winter I have found that it guess colds and catarrh, acting that it cures colds and catarrh, acting as a gentle stimulant on the system. "In fact I consider it a whole medi-

At first thought, one might conclude that the society woman is a woman of leisure, that she has nothing to do but attend social functions, make and receive

calls, and so on.

Those who know realize that hers is a busy life.

There are many reasons why society women break down, many reasons why their nervous systems fail, many reasons that the property of the state of they have systemic or pelvic ca. Indeed, they are especially liable

to these ailments.

First, the society woman rarely gets any sleep during the forepart of the night. It is a fact well known to scientists that one hour of sleep before midnight is worth two hours of sleep in the morning.

Second, she rises late and misses all the invigorating effects of the morning air and outdoor exercise.

OF INDIVIDUAL INSTRUCTION.

sons-Teaching Singly and in Groups.

Princetonian, the college newspaper, in

which he explains for the students the

workings of the new tutorial system of

instruction which is to be introduced at

says in substance that there will be fewer

lectures and fewer classroom exercises

in the various courses, in order to make

way for personal conference between the

student and the instructor. The present

staff of the university will take an active

part in this conference work, and it will be

the chief business of the gentlemen who are

to be added to the faculty, so that the whole aspect of instruction will be materially

altered. The students will be met by

their instructors either singly or in groups.

up of men who are found to have sub-

stantially the same preliminary training.

the same capacity for work and the same

tastes and aptitudes in what they under-

take. Those who cannot thus be classified

or who stand in any special need of indi-

vidual assistance will be met singly and

It is expected that each undergraduate will be assigned, for the work of the depart-

ment which he chooses, to some one pre-

ceptor who will be his guide in all the read-

ing and work of the department, so that the

course may be drawn together, so far as he

is concerned, into a single body and studied

as a related group, rather than singly and

separa ely under different masters. It is

hoped that in this way the student may be

relieved from constant drill in those subjects

which he carries most easily and in which

he needs-little assistance, and will be sup-

plied with the best possible aids in tho:

parts of his studies which come harder

to him and in which the stimu ation of di-

rect contact with trained scholars is of vital

consequence to him. The preceptors will

not set the examinations and will therefore

be more free to cover the subjects broadly

There will naturally be a good deal

of written work connected with this sort of

instruction. The students will be frequently

called on to submit brief reports of one kind

or another to their preceptors, very much

as they do now in the various thesis courses.

though more informally; and it is expected

that all of this written work will be judged

of with regard to the English in which it is

written, as well as in respect of its subject matter, so that the men will have constant drill in the correct use of the English lan-

in their dealings with their pupils.

assisted in the way best suited to them.

When groups are formed they will be made

Princeton University next fall.

Third, her late suppers; consisting of a variety of delioscies, disturb her digestion to the extent that she does not enjoy er late broakfast. Fourth, to keep up proper appearances requires constant attention to every de-tail of her toilet with a vigilance that knows

Fifth, her frequent attendance spon social events, where crowded rooms and indigestible food are unavoidable, gradually undermines her constitution.

Sixth, the inadequate prosection from changes in temperatures afforded by fastionable evening attire, together with tight lacing, heavy skirts hanging from the hips and high heeled shoes tell sconer or later upon her nervous vitality. Improved to Health and Spirits

After Taking 3 Bottles of Pe-ru-na.

Miss Jessie Romer, 207 B St., N. E., Washington, D. C., writes: "After taking three bottles of your remedy for catarrh, Peruna, I find myself in first-class condition, much improved in health and spirits.

"I can now congratulate you on having the best medicise in the market for that disease."

Various causes combine to make the life of the society woman such an one that

she must exercise constant care to preserve her health.

The one thing which she dreads more than any other is catarrh. She is exposed to catarrh, not of the head, throat and lungs alone, but also of the abdominal and pelvic organs. She knows, by experience, that she can not keep her strength if she allows catarrh to sap her vitality.

Many of these women have been disappointed in ordinary catarrh remedies, and have at last discovered that Peruna is the only reliable and paymanent cure.

is the only reliable and permanent cure.

The health of society women is constantly relaced on all sides by derangements which lead quickly to catarrh.

No wonder they require the protection of Peruna. It is their only shield and sefective in the control of the Popular Wisconsin Girl

Writes Interesting Letter.

Miss Nettie Niemann, White Mound, Wis., writes:
"I have been afflicted since childof the head.

"Nothing I did seemed to cure me and when I caught a cold my troubles

and when I caught a cold my troubles increased.

"While visiting a friend I learned the real value of Peruna.

"I had often heard it praised, but never paid serious attention to it.

My friend, however, had been cured of catarrh by Peruna and I decided to use it faithfully and await results.

"I am glad to say that my greatest expectations were realized and I was surprised to find how readily I was cured and how speedily.

"Within a month all the catarrh was out of my system, and I have not been troubled a particle since."

THE ATTACK ON DR. FORSYTH. NEW SYSTEM AT PRINCETON. American Missionary Beaten With Guns

in the Hands of Corean Robbers. PRESIDENT WILSON ON THE PLAN WASHINGTON, April 29.-Horace N. Allen. United States Minister to Corea, has transmitted to the State Department from Seou a report of the assault upon an American missionary, Dr. Forsyth, of the Southern An Impression to Be Given to the Student of Independence and Initiative and Presbyterian Church of Nashville, Tenn. That He Is Not Merely Getting Lesnear the port of Kunsan, south of Seoul, early in the morning of March 12 last. Dr. Forsyth has a brother in Washington who PRINCETON, N. J., April 29.-President has sought intervention in the matter by Woodrow Wilson of Princeton has written an article which appeared in the Daily

From Minister Allen's report it is believed by officers of the Department that everything possible was done by the Corean and Japanese authorities to aid Dr. Forsyth assailants, although the robbers have not been apprehended. A reward of 100 yenl has been offered for the capture of one of the culprits. Minister Allen says in his report that Dr. Forsyth was then showing symptoms of improvement, but that he had not recovered.

The attack on Dr. Forsyth occurred at about 4 A. M. on March 12. On the 11th he went to the village of Murankol to attend a prosperous Corean, who had been attacked by robbers. He was sleeping in a room with several natives when masked men rushed into the room and declared they would "kill that soldier." The Coreans they would "kill that soldier." The Coreans in the house attempted to explain that Dr. Forsyth was not a soldier, but a physician. They also endeavored to protect the doctor and were wounded in doing so. Dr. Forsyth was beaten with the guns in the hands of the attacking party and was left for dead. The Coreans did what they could to succor Dr. Forsyth, but little aid was given him until the arrival of Dr. Daniel and the Rev. Mr. Harrison at 4:30 o'clock that afternoon.

that afternoon.

The authorities acted with promptness, and the Coren and Japanese policemen made every effort to find the assailants, but without success. Minister Allen says he is well satisfied with the attitude of the Government authorities, and has thanked the Japanese Minister at Seoul for the aid he modered.

J. T. DICKEY ARRESTED. Wilmington Politician Is Accused of Iru-

porting Lottery Tickets. WILMINGTON, Del., April 29 .- Former County Treasurer John T. Dickey, for years prominent in local Democratic politics. was arrested this morning by Secret Service Agent Matthew F. Griffin, chief of the Philadelphia bureau, on the charge of causing lottery tickets to be removed from California to Delaware.

The arrest was made while Dickey was in the express office in the act of receipting for a package alleged to contain lottery tickets. He was held in \$1.000 bail for a hearing three weeks from to-day, the delay being to enable the Government to bring witnesses from San Francisco.

UNHAPPY OLD WOMAN With Some Money Saved, Alternates Be-

tween Fight and Surrender. Eveline C. Daly, an aged woman living at 110 Lexington avenue, a house which she owns, has begun a second action in the Supreme Court against her daughter and son-in-law, Eveline and Charles W. McDonald, to have set aside a deed and conveyance of the house to her daughter, on the ground that it was procured by threats and intimidation. The other day Justice MacLean was asked to grant an order of discontinuance in the previous litigation between mother and daughter, arising out of a previous deed, and it was then said that they had agreed to settle all their differences out of court. Yesterday, however, Mrs. Daly's counse H. Grossman, filed the complaint in her new action.

In it she alleges that she is very weak and superstitious and that she is easily imposed upon on this account. Relying imposed upon on this account. Relying upon this weakness, she alleges, her son-in-law, on April 13, last, induced her to sign a new deed and conveyance of the house to his wife, by warning her that she would have bad luck if she did not do so, and that she would be "skinned out of the property" unless she deeded it safely away. She says that he stayed in her house all day, and warned her that he would stay all night if she did not comply with his wishes. In fear of his warnings, she says, she signed the deeds, but she is now advised

MOB OF SOUVENIR HUNTERS. Vandals Rob and Mar Elizabeth's New Court House.

ELIZABETH, N. J., April 29 .- The attachés of the new court house discovered to-day that in the throng of visitors to the new building yesterday, when it was thrown open for public inspection, were many persons who hesitated at no act of vandalism. Anything that was movable and could be concealed was carried away.

From the doors of the offices and courtooms were removed the bronze door knobs. stamped with the county seal. Contents of the cabinets in the wash rooms, conof the cabinets in the wash rooms, consisting of combs, towels, brushes and scap, were cleaned out. The Bible for swearing witnesses in the Supreme Court room was stolen from its desk. The metal balls were ripped from the ends of the basin chains in the washrooms, and the silver plated stopcock attachments were removed from the faucets. A costly rug that covered the floor of the Grand Jury room was practically destroyed. All this damage appears to have been done by souver ir hunters.

Some one attempted to scratch a monogram on one of the golden oak tables in the

gram on one of the golden oak tables in the Supreme Court room, and initials were written on the marble balustrade of the rotunda on the third floor. There was such a jam at the court house last night that a squad of police had to be sent to the place to preserve order. The new building has just been completed at a coat

# Under the Cloak of Simplicity

A great deal of so-called "simple furniture" hides its crude bareness-its extremes of taste wherein character finds no expression. We urge simplicitybut in a measure that imparts individuality, character and restfulness to a

In Furniture for the Living Room and Bedroom, these principles find beautiful development.

Grand Rapids Furniture Company 34th Street, West, Nos. 155-157

MINUTE FROM BROADWAY."

H.O'Neill & Co.

A Great Sale of 2,000 FINE LACE WAISTS Originally Worth \$5.50 to \$18.75 Each, at \$3.75, \$5.00, \$6.75 and \$9.75



\$5.00 All made of fine soft finish laces—elbow and long sleeves and high and low necks—Trimmings of Venise insertion—Val. laces, Venise medallions, silk lined.

On Sale Monday Morning-Third Floor.

#### Trimmed Millinery Department Special Offering for Monday.

Trimmed Hats

in Various Shapes Trimmed with Flowers, Foliage, Ribbons, Wings, etc., the product of our own workrooms,

At \$8.50 Each

#### Imported English Mohair Sicilians \$1 and \$1.25 Values, 69c Yard

Having made an enormous contract for these goods several months ago, we are enabled to-day to offer 210 pieces of them at a ridiculously low price. They were made to our special order at the Mohair Sicilian center of the world, Bradford, England. The goods, you will observe, are strictly high grade, lustrous and reliable—there is nothing in dress materials so popular. Mohairs deservingly merit this popularity, because of their desirability for traveling purposes, seaside and moun-

They come 45 in. and 50 in. wide—in solid plain colors—such as Black, White, Tan, Navy, Medium Biue, Castor, Reseda, Alice Blue, Pale Blue, Light Brown, Dark Brown, Light Grey, Medium Grey, Dark Green-value \$1.00 and \$1.25 per yard;

Black Dress Goods Dept.—Special. 55 pieces IMPORTED VEILING — This cloth we look upon as a marvelous value. Imported to retail at \$1.25 per yard; we offer it special at.....

## Two Great Values for Monday In Silk Department

Black Taffeta

Imported Black Dress Taffeta (also suitable for the new Long Coats), very heavy and a beautiful soft finish and lustre, every yard of which we

stand back of; special, per yard,

Fancy Silks

One lot of Fancy Silks in a great variety of colors, in small neat Jacquard effects; also hair line stripes and small checks-styles are the most popular for full dresses; special, per yard,

49C Value 69c.

## Splendid Values in Laces

That Are Now Much in Demand

DEMI-FLOUNCES-12 and 14 inch wide embroidered mousseline de sole demi-flounces, in white and black; regular price \$1.20 per yard, at 65C per yard.

LACE EDGINGS-5 to 5 inches German and Italian Valenciennes Lace Edgings, round and square meshes, white and na trral color; were 40c to 60c per yard, at 25c per yard.

EDGINGS, INSERTINGS AND BANDINGS—Net top oriental, Repousse and Valenciennes Lace Édgings and escurial lace Insertings and Bandings, 5 to 10 inches wide; value 35c to 75e per yard, at 15C and 25C per yard.

LDGINGS AND INSERTINGS-Point de Paris, Valenciennes, Torchon. Point d'Esprit, Cluny and Renaissance Lace Edgings and Insertings, in white, cream, butter and Arabian; worth 75c to \$1.50 per dozen yards, at 35c, 45c, 55c, 65c per dosen yards.

### Lining Department 58c Silk Linings at 371/2c Yard

18.000 yards extra heavy and firm Silk Lining, in white and this season's most desirable shades for drop skirts and coat linings; real value 58c per yard, special at ...... NOTE-Important to Dressmakers! The above silk linings cannot be duplicated, quality for price, when sold.

## Linen Department A Sale of Turkish Towels

1.000 dozen HLAVY WHITE TURKISH TOWELS, at Special 1216c, 15c, 19c, 22c each or \$1.25, \$1.65, \$2.10, \$2.60 per dozen

500 Extra Heavy BELGIAN SATIN DOUBLE DAMASK TABLE CLOTHS Choice Desirable Patterns. 

STEAMER RUGS - \$4.90, \$6.90, \$8.90, \$10.90 each Regular value...... \$7.00, \$9.50. \$11.50, \$14.00 each SUMMER BLANKETS -- WHITE CALIFORNIA WOOL \$3.90 to \$8.25 per pair. BED SPREADS - Special lots - 95c., \$1.25, \$2.25 each

Sixth Avenue, 20th to 21st Street